

BCSIR Laboratories Dhaka, BCSIR

Name BCSIR-COVID Kit for COVID-19 Detection

Area Biological samples

Uses Detection of SARS-CoV-2 virus



BCSIR-COVID Kit is a SARS-CoV-2 virus detection kit and is a first to target the M gene (mutation rate is low). The primer and probe used in this kit has been designed by scientists of BCSIR, making it different and unique from commercial available kits. The specificity, sensitivity and accuracy of this developed kit is comparable to Gold Standard kit and is better than commercial kits. The limit of detection of the developed kit is 100 copies of virus/ml, which is quite low than other kits and so it allows detection at an early stage of SARS-CoV-2 infection. This kit can also detect all variants (Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta, Omicron, etc.) of SARS-CoV-2 virus. Lastly, using glycogen during RNA extraction method has led to reduction in cost of COVD-19 testing.

Scale of Development

Major Raw Material Primer-probe, PCR Master Mix, Nuclease-Free water

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery PCR machine, centrifuge machine, spinner.

Details of specific application De

Detection of SARS-CoV-2 from nasopharyngeal or oropharyngeal swabs

Status of Development

This process is accepted by the DGDA and approved for production

Ecological/Environmental Impact (if any, specify briefly

This process is environmentally friendly and after

commercialization this product is able to fulfill our national

demand

Patenting details

Patented filed

Commercialization Status

Available on demand

Techno-Economics

250.00 Tk/Kit

Cost of Production (Tk.)

BCSIR-COVID Kit, SARS-CoV-2 virus, nasopharyngeal s

Keywords



BCSIR Laboratories Dhaka, BCSIR

Name In-situ Arsenic detection kit for Aqueous medium

Area water (Environmental Sciences)

Uses Arsenic detection in water

In 1993, the Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE), Bangladesh detected four tube wells in Chamargram village of Nawabganj district that yielded arsenic-contaminated groundwater and eight arsenicosis patents. Arsenic is 4 times more toxic than mercury & its fatal dose is 125 mg. The arsenic permissible limit is $50 \,\mu\text{g/L}$ in Bangladesh, and worldwide $10 \,\mu\text{g/L}$. According to the Multiple Indicator Cluster surveys (2012), 19 million (12%) people in Bangladesh are at very high risk of Arsenic.

Scale of Development This process is ready for lease out

Major Raw Material Mercury bromide, Zn powder, L ascorbic acid

Major Plant

Equipment/Machinery

A grinding machine, mixing machine, S.S. still container, oxygen-free

reactor/ vacuum conditioning

Details of specific application Arsenic-prone areas where the drinking water was tested by using this kit,

Status of Development This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and readytoleased out

Ecological/Environmental

Impact (if any, specify

briefly

This process is environmentally friendly and after

commercialization this product able to fulfill our national

demand

Patenting details Patented filed

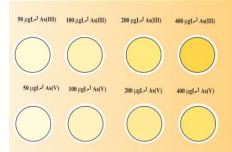
Commercialization Status This process is leased out by BCSIR authority

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of Production (Tk.) 50.00 Tk/Kit

Key wards Arsenic polluted water, kit, environment, permissible limit.

Arsenic (As) Detection Kit-A product of BCSIR Laboratories, Dhaka





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- ⇔ Arsenic is 4 time toxic than mercury & its fatal dose 125 mg
 ⇔ Arsenic permissible limit 50 µg/L in Bangladesh, world-wide 10 µg/L
 ⇒ According to Multiple Indicator Cluster survey (2012), 19 million (12%) people in Bangladesh are very high risk in Arsenic
- A few million dollar is expenditure for purchasing As detection kit



Name of the Technology: In-situ As Detection Kit for Aqueous Medium

Salient Features

- ❖ Cost effective ❖ Easy to use
- ❖ Accuracy high ❖ In situ analysis
- Very low cost

Raw Material

- ❖ Locally available raw material

- Chemical based as prepared kit
 Reagent A: 1 spoon solid Acids
 Reagent B: 2 spoon metallic dust

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